

CISMA

Circular Steel for Mass Market Applications General Project overview

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DATE: 2025/04/02



Circular Steel for Mass Market Applications

Introducing scrap-based Electric Arc Furnace steel for a greener circular economy in mass-market sheet metal goods





42 months duration 01/10/2024 to 30/04/2028



Grant agreement ID: 101177798



Budget: € 4.380.528 100% funded by the EU



Coordinated by Eurecat, RTO



12 partners from5 different European countries







CO₂ (BOF) 160 Mt/yra

CO₂ (EAF) 15 Mt/yra

BOF Steel: 86 Mt/yrb

EAF Steel: 66Mt/yr^b

Iron Ore

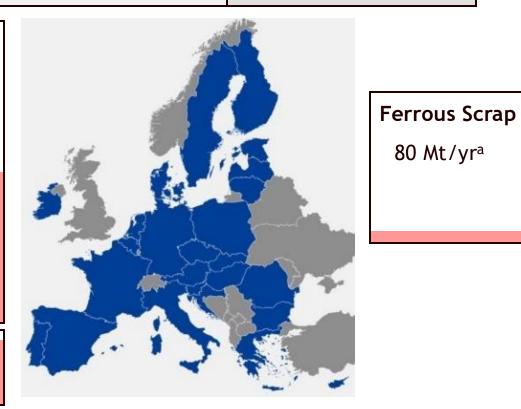
150 Mt/yra

Iron Ore

80-90 Mt/yr/

Coking Coal $30-35 \, Mt/yr$

Coking Coal 41 Mt/yr



80 Mt/yra

Finished Steel

Netto:+13Mt/yr

Exp. 16Mt/yrb

Imp. 29Mt/yrb

Ferrous Scrap

Netto:-14Mt/yr

Imp. 5,5Mt/yrb

Exp. 19.5Mt/yr^b

a) Greenhouse gas intensities (...). JRC Technical Report 2022 b) Steel Industry in Figures, Eurofer 2022

https://publications.jrc.ec.europa.eu/repositor y/handle/JRC129975

https://www.hellenicshippingnews.com/eus-ironore-imports-down-again-thisyear/#: ~: text=In%20the%2012%20months%20of,in%20 the%20full%20year%202021.



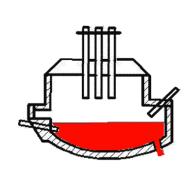












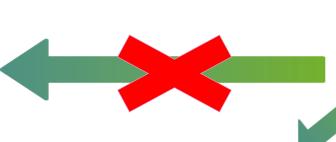


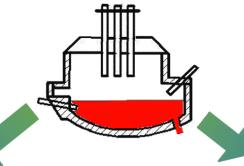










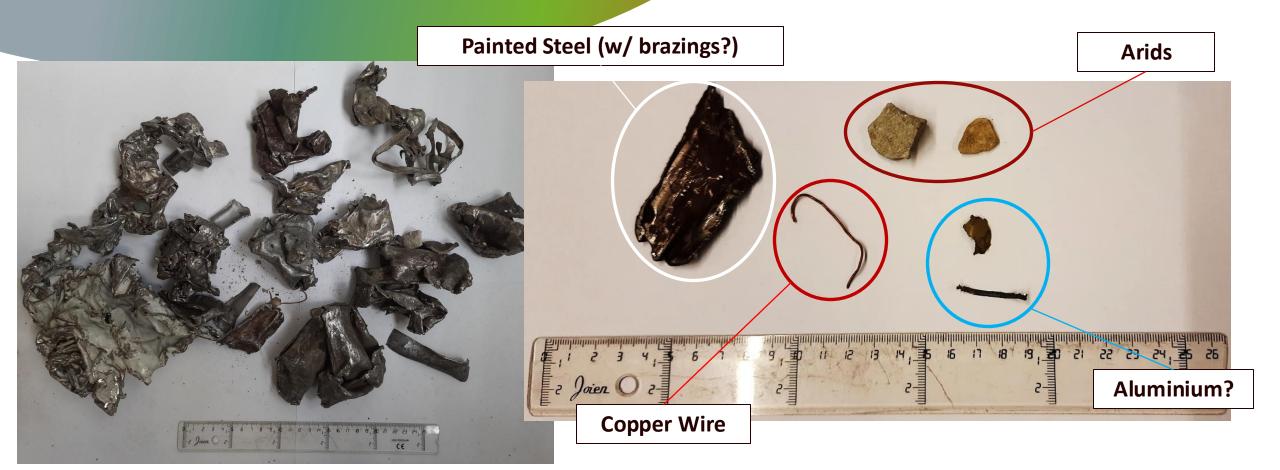








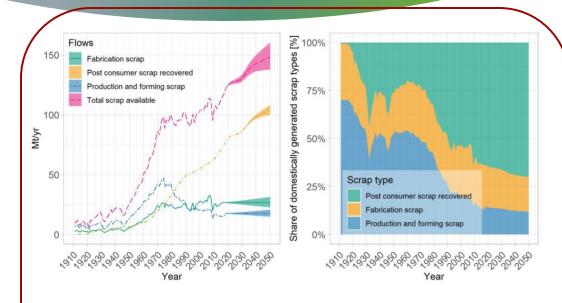








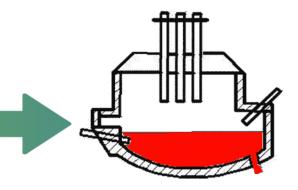


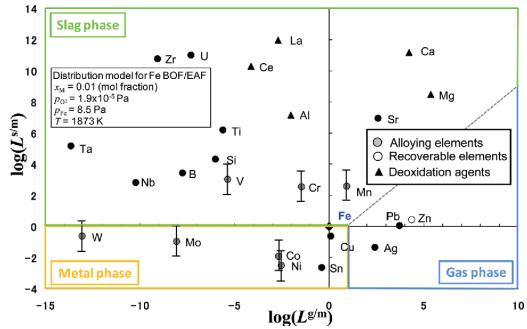


How will tramp elements affect future steel recycling in Europe? – A dynamic material flow model for steel in the EU-28 for the period 1910 to 2050

Sabine Dworak a,b,*, Helmut Rechberger b, Johann Fellner a,b

Resources, Conservation & Recycling 179 (2022) 106072







Circular Steel for Mass Market Applications









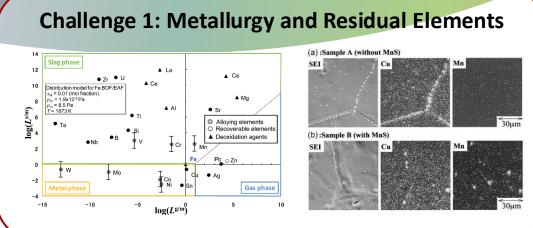
Volvo CarsAutomotive

Copyright © Volvo Car Corporation

Electrolux Professional Industrial

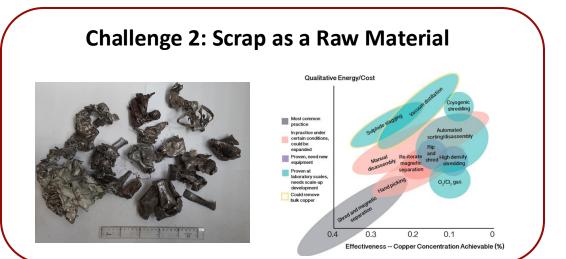


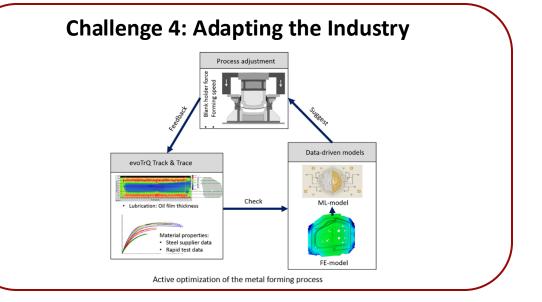




Challenge 3: Fast and Accurate Characterization the European Union



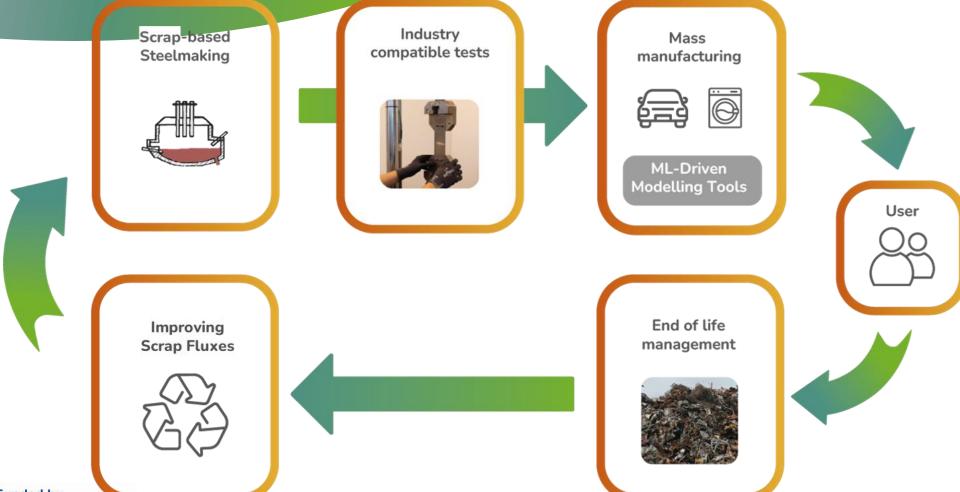




CiSMA in a nutshell

CISMA

Application of Circular Economy principles in the Steel industry



Consortium



12 PARTNERS

5 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES



2
STEELMAKERS

RESEARCH CENTERS

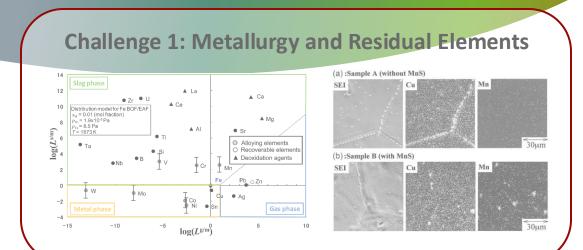
1
ACADEMIC INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION

2 END-USERS **1** SME

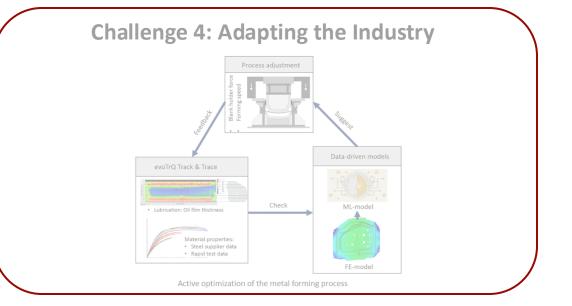




Circular Steel for Mass Market Applications: Challenges









Robotic sorting

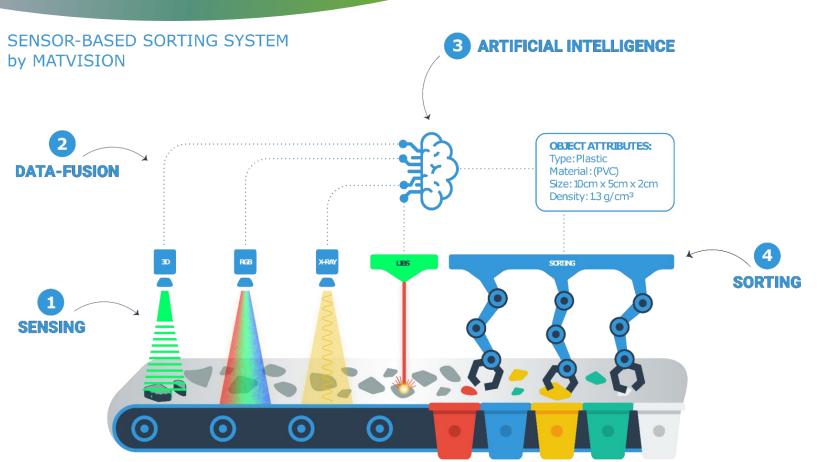
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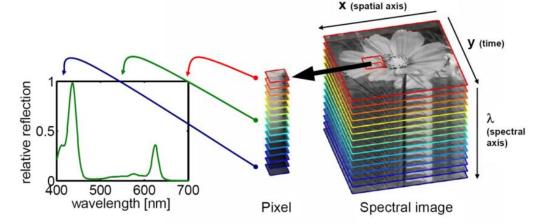


- Allows to assess which subset of sensors suit best a specific case-study
- Multi-output sorting with delta-robots =>
 Number of sorted classes is flexible
- Up to 20 classes sorted in one pass



Differentiating your materials by

- Shape: 3D Camera to detect the pieces and measure their volume
- Color:
 - IRGB Camera
 - VNIR
 - SWIR (used for plastic differentiation)
- Density
 - Transmitted XRay to see through metals
 - TeraHertz (soon) to see through plastics
- Elementary for alloy differentiation and pollutant detection
 - LIBS to measure under painting layers and coatings
 - XRF (soon) for elementary measurements
- Induction: Induction sensors to differentiate metallic materials from plastics, wood, rubber,...





→ Customizable sensor combination adapted to your problem

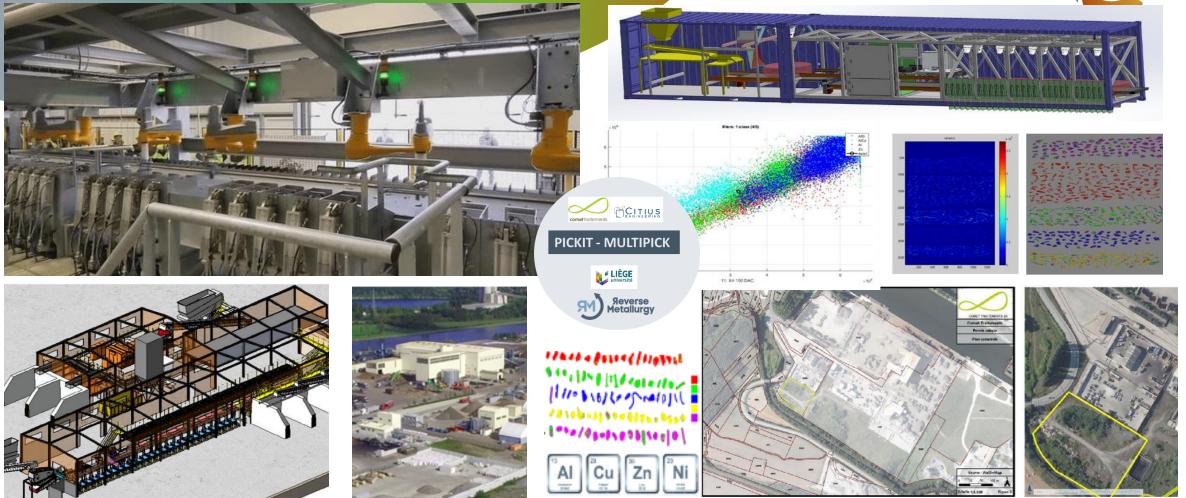












PICKIT – MULTIPICK: first industrial line sorting 10 000 t/year of Zorba @ Comet Traitements in Obourg (Belgium)

the European Union

How to separate non-ferrous metals





How to separate **non-ferrous metals** (Cu, Al, Zn, brass,...) from shredded cars?

→ Multi sensor & multi output sorting demonstrator developed by an academia/industry consortium

Aluminium alloys

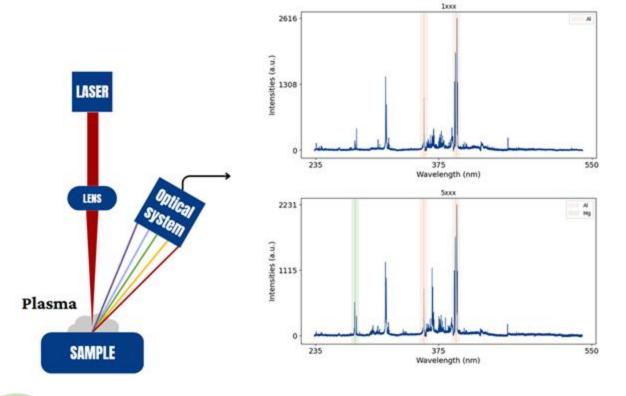
Stainless steel

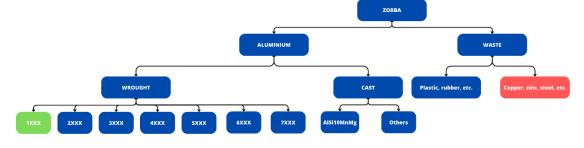
Plastic recycling

Battery recycling

•••







Libs analysis:

- Sample surface is excited **by a laser**
- Plasma is created
- When cooling down, the plasma emits light
- This light contains peaks characteristic
 of elements present
- Optics collect light and transmit it to a spectrometer





Robotic sorting in the CISMA project



Robotic sorting in the CISMA project



The aim of work package is to:

- Analyze and move beyond the current limitations of working with scrap as a raw material,
- Deal with undesired residues and alloying elements

It translates into the following specific objectives:

- Analyze current fluxes of scrap (internal to the steelmakers and commercial/public market)
- Propose and test strategies to improve the quality of post-consumer scrap: using the robotic sorting line



Robotic sorting in the CISMA project



Common robotic sorting problems (e.g. Aluminium sorting)

- 60% of the stream could be considered as waste when targeting specific alloys (e.g. 5xxx, 6xxx)
- The target classes are removed from the belt during the sorting
- Quality is more important than the throughput

CISMA robotic challenges

- Less than 2% of the stream could be considered as waste
- Negative sorting: The target classes stay on the belt
- High throughput is crucial

VS





Thank you!

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Coordinators information

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Begoña Casas **Project Coordinator**

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This project has received funding from the Horizon Europe programme project num. 101177798. This document reflects only CISMA consortium view and neither the European Commission or any associated parties are responsible for any use that may be made of the information it contains

A project coordinated by:

